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2 SEM TDC PSCH (CBCS) C 4

2023

(May/June)

POLITICAL SCIENCE

(Core)

Paper : C-4

(Political Process in India)

Full Marks : 80

Pass Marks : 32

Time : 3 hours

*The figures in the margin indicate full marks
for the questions*

1. Answer the following questions : $1 \times 8 = 8$

- (a) How do you define economic globalization?
- (b) What was Jawaharlal Nehru's notion on secularism in India?
- (c) Mention one major characteristic feature of coalition politics in India during 1989-1999.

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(Turn Over)



- (d) Which is the latest national political party in India?
- (e) Who is the present Chief Election Commissioner of India?
- (f) What is FPTP?
- (g) Mention one argument against regionalism.
- (h) What is voting behaviour?

2. Write short notes on the following (**within 150 words** each) : 4×4=16

- (a) Challenges to Indian party system in 21st century
- (b) Political mobilization and democracy in India
- (c) Debates on 'regionalism vs. nationalism' in India
- (d) Major issues confronting the Indian State during the contemporary time

3. Make an attempt to identify the major changes in Indian party system since 1989. 12

Or

Evaluate how the party system in India worked during the first two decades of Independent India.

12

(3)

4. Examine the major determinants of voting behaviour of the electorates during the last two Lok Sabha elections in India. 11

Or

- Examine the changing pattern of political leadership in India. 11

5. Explain the major factors responsible for secessionist tendencies in India. Do you think that Indian State has been able to address them successfully? Substantiate your answer with proper arguments. 7+4=11

Or

- “Regionalism in India is a result of various interconnected factors.” In this light, discuss the various types of regionalism in India. 11

6. What do you mean by ‘secularism’? Discuss the principal debates on secularism in India. 3+8=11

Or

- Evaluate how caste plays its role in Indian politics. 11