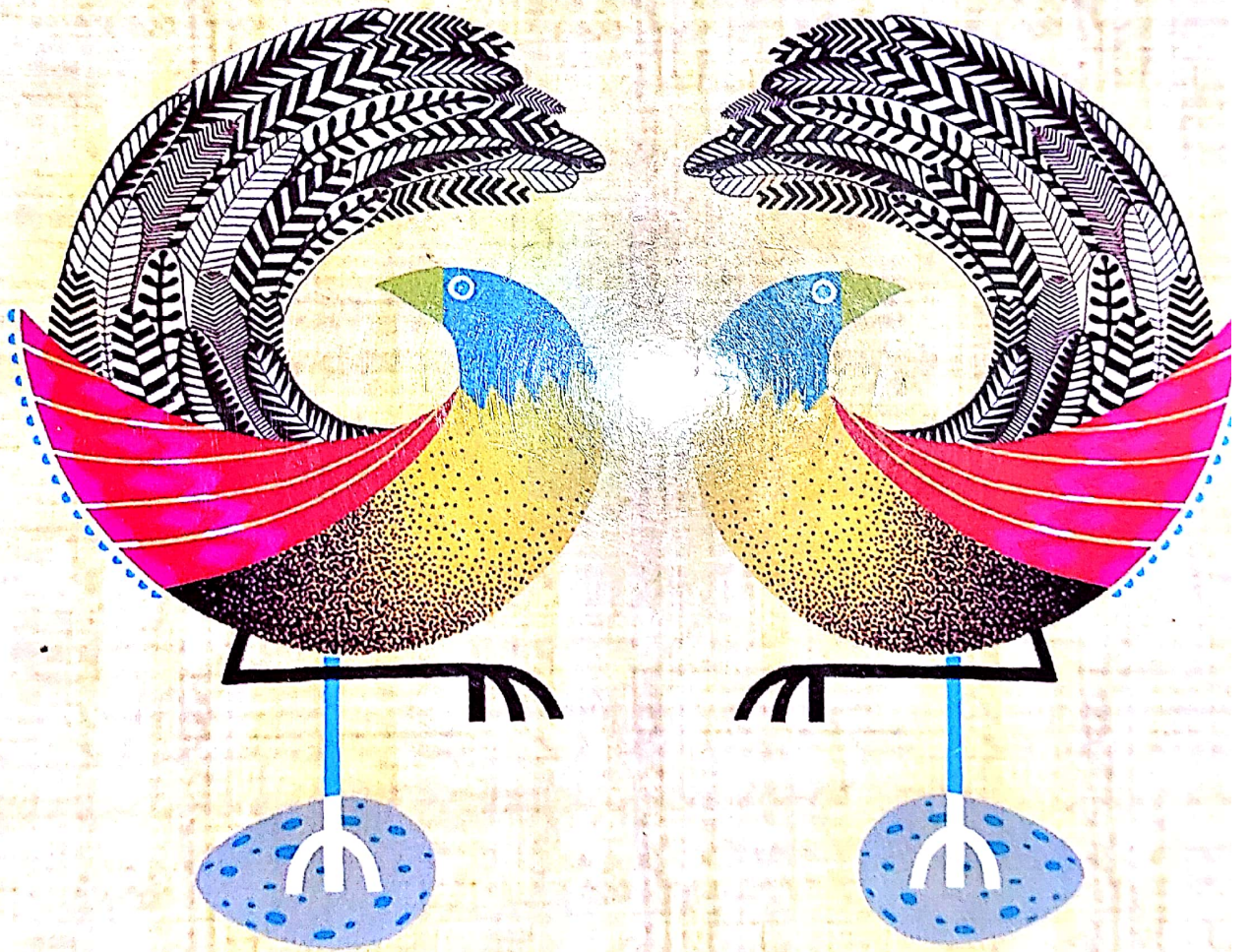


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Vol-II



Editor
Yugal Jyoti Borah

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“Hold fast to dreams,

For if dreams die

Life is a broken-winged bird,

That cannot fly.”

— Langston Hughes

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Bhupen Hazarika : The Perspective of

Intertwined Thoughts and Challenges

Manoj Kr Saikia
Doyang College

1. Prelude:

Decades have passed to see the contemporary outlook that Bhupen Hazarika extended and experimented over the years. His profound socio-political experimentation and sketching documents evolving his write-ups and unhesitant authority towards extensive concern has made him always remarkable.

It is almost immediately after world war second when America had become one of the giant political powers as another one was the than Soviet Russia, Bhupen Hazarika voyaged for an another destiny to America. Historically the era took up it's way which packed up with the genre of Cold war centric despite of the availability of The United Nations and Organization. Many a times international peace and security, the concept was being found frivolous it seemed. Bhupen Hazarika was there to go through a research project for an academic output under the choice as entitled "India's Basic Educators to use Audio-Visual Techniques in Adult Education". Indeed, it is about "Role of mass communication in India's adult education". Obviously it was

Migration and its Impact on Socio-Economic Development in North East India

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Golaghat Purbanchalik College

ABSTRACT:

The North-East states consist of eight states- Assam, Arunachal Pradesh, Meghalaya, Manipur, Tripura, Nagaland, Mizoram and Sikkim. The regions are main corridor of India with inter-connectivity the foreign states. The states are comparatively economically poor and cooperation are bifurcation by the geographically demarcation. The areas are facing the problem of transportation, facility of electricity, problem of education which are interlinked only 22km of the Indian Territory which are regarded as battle neck.

After the independence of India it has faced the huge migration from the side of Bangladesh which was created in 1971. The migration was badly impact on the political system, economic system, impact on employment etc. In the long time facing the problem of migration changing the government but problems are not become as permanent

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solution. The article has been tried to highlight basic fact of event.

Key Word: Migration, Socio-economic, Cooperation, Employment, Demarcation, Government etc.

INTRODUCTION:

Migration is the movement of people from one place to another. Migration happens for a range of reasons. These can be economic, social, political or environmental. Migration is happening one state to other state in the same times.

The north-east is the state which is main corridor of India maintains relationship with foreign state. The North East comprising eight states. Assam, Nagaland, Arunachal Pradesh, Manipur, Tripura, Meghalaya, Sikkim & Mizoram. There have living in many tribes in the region which language, religion, tradition also differences among the peoples. The north east is separated from the origin part of India, only 22 km land surface are belonging with India. Though there has been huge difference between the people with culture, tradition, language etc. but in the same time it has maintenance harmony overcome diversity among the peoples. The North East especially Assam is badly affected the Bangladeshi migrants.

OBJECTIVE OF THE STUDY:

The present study highlights the following objectives:

- (i) The study highlights the concept of migration.

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